March 21, 2012

Interest Rate Strategy

Duration Management / Return Strategies

Changing Fixed-Income Landscape – Challenges Faced by Investors
Basics – Components of Returns
Relative Value – Strategies to Enhance Returns
Duration-Adjusted Returns
Where Are Recent Returns Coming From?
Main Takeaways

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Changing Fixed-Income Investment Landscape
Not the Same Bond Market Anymore

Then...

- Interest rates have been on a steady decline for 30 years.

- Reduced inflation risks due to Fed’s credibility to combat inflation.

- Economic growth supported by countercyclical measure from the Fed.

- Globalization – a disinflationary influence.

Now...

- Extraordinarily low interest rates in the US
  - Unconventional policy actions by the Fed and global central banks.
  - Global financial crisis and investor demand for safe haven assets.

- Fed pursuing monetary policy actions with the goal to raise inflation.

- Emerging Markets – source of inflation.

- Fundamental change in the risk perception of government debt.
Challenges Faced by Investors

- Ultra low interest rates
  - Compensated very little for taking on duration risk.
  - Makes taking duration risk much less attractive than other forms of fixed-income risk.
  - Dearth of spread products makes diversification difficult.
  - How to limit exposure to sectors that do not offer attractive returns for risk.
  - Hedge asymmetric risk.

- Unconventional policy actions by the Fed and global central banks.
  - Central bank policy guessing game.
  - Is there room left for further stimulus?
  - Diminishing returns for incremental monetary action.

- Looming Deficits
  - Fiscal austerity at time of sluggish growth.

- Regulatory environment
  - Dodd Frank
  - Basel III
  - Deleveraging
Large Concentration of Low Yielding Assets

- 75% of the Citi BIG Index is in government-related securities.
- Concentration of portfolio beta in low-yielding government debt.
- Significantly diminishes potential for alpha generation.

Rate Products Dominate Traditional Indices

Higher-Yielding Credit Products Are a Smaller Piece of the Pie

Source: Yieldbook, Morgan Stanley Research
Income Cushion Is Shrinking

Longer Average Life but Smaller Coupons

- In low rate environments, investors tend to extend out in duration to seek returns.
- But there is not enough income cushion to protect against a sell-off.
- Investors indexed to the BIG will start to incur capital loss if rates increase by 40bp.

Source: Yieldbook, Morgan Stanley Research
Basics – Understanding the Components of Return
**Bond P&L**

The P&L at the end of a trade is roughly

\[
\text{Bond P&L} \approx \text{mark-to-market} + \text{Carry}
\]

Mark-to-market is the market price (PV) of the future cash flows.

Price Change is the biggest component of P&L

Carry and Rolldown can enhance returns.

To estimate the PNL of a long bond position in an unchanged yield curve we calculate:

- **Rolldown**
- **Carry**
- **Carry Quotient**

\[
P(t) = \text{today’s price} \\
P(0) = \text{price at time (t)} \\
AI = \text{Accrued Interest} \\
r = \text{financing rate} \\
t = \text{horizon date}
\]

\[
P(t) + AI(t) = \left( P(t) + AI(0) \times (1 + r \times t/360) \right)
\]

\[
\text{Horizon Price} \quad \text{Purchase Price Growth}
\]

\[
P(t) - P(0) = \text{Price Change} \\
\text{Interest Income} \\
\text{Financing cost}
\]

\[
\text{Carry Quotient} = \frac{P(t) - P(0)}{P(t) + AI(t)} \\
\text{Carry} = \frac{P(t) - P(0)}{P(t) + AI(t)} 	imes \text{Coupon} \times t/360 - [P(0) + AI(0)] \times r \times t/360
\]

\[
P(0) = \text{today’s price} \\
P(t) = \text{price at time (t)} \\
AI = \text{Accrued Interest} \\
r = \text{financing rate} \\
t = \text{horizon date}
\]

\[
\text{Source: Morgan Stanley Research}
\]
Rolldown

At horizon (e.g., in 3 months' time for a 10y bond), the remaining instrument is a 9y9m bond.

In an unchanged yield curve, the mark-to-market will be represented by the rolled-down rate. We expect to make:

\[ \text{rolldown} = r_{10} - r_{9.75} \]

In a positively sloped yield curve, the rolled-down rate is lower than the spot rate.

In Treasuries: 5y and 7y Sectors Have the Best Rolldown

If the Yield Curve Is Positively Sloped, Rolldown Is Positive

A positively-sloped yield curve implies positive rate rolldown for a long bond position or receiving on swaps. The steepest areas of the curve have the greatest rate rolldown.

Source: Morgan Stanley Research
**Carry**

The **carry for holding a bond** is the cost of holding the bond to horizon date (say 3 months). Intuitively, for a bond, it's

\[
\text{Carry} = \text{Coupon Received} - \text{cost of financing the bond}
\]

**Coupon Received** = Coupon * horizon days/actual days between coupon period

**Financing Cost** = (Price + Accrued Interest) * (repo rate/360)

**In Treasuries: 10y Has Best Carry**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Trade</th>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Id Change</th>
<th>Historical Z-Score</th>
<th>Yield: Carry</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UST2Y</td>
<td>0.30</td>
<td>2.38</td>
<td>1.59</td>
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<td>5.12</td>
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<tr>
<td>UST10Y</td>
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<td>2.77</td>
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<td>5.80</td>
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<td>UST30Y</td>
<td>3.12</td>
<td>3.85</td>
<td>0.35</td>
<td>4.02</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Morgan Stanley Research
Carry: Two Representations

1. Carry as cash inflows minus outflows

The **carry for holding a 5y swap** is the cost of holding the bond to maturity. Intuitively, for a bond, it's = Coupon – Cost of Financing

2. Carry as the hurdle rate (in bps running)

A long bond position should profit as long as the forward rate at the horizon is less than the forward rate.

Intuitively, spread between the spot rate and the forward rate tells us **how much the rate can rise before the trade loses money**.

This is the carry in bps running.

**Basis Points Running**

Given a dollar value $X, the value in bps running is the value divided by the DV01 of the instrument (in our case, the 2y forward 5y swap).

The DV01 is indicated above by $\Phi_{2.5}$

This tells us the size of the forward rate move necessary to make or lose that much.
Rolldown & Carry: Graphical Summary

Quantifying rolldown and carry: Expected earnings in a static yield curve environment

In basis points running:

\[
\text{carry} = r_{2.5} - r_7 \\
\text{rolldown} = r_7 - r_5 \\
\text{RD + C} = r_{2.5} - r_5
\]

Source: Morgan Stanley Research
### Carry Quotient: Adjusting for Volatility

#### Comparing Trades

A long-duration trade profits if the horizon is below the forward rate.

How big a move is needed for the trade to lose PNL?

The rolldown and carry is presented in absolute bps.

How do we judge how big that move is?

We divide by volatility to compare across tenors.

#### Realized Volatility

The daily realized volatility is calculated as

\[
\sqrt{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} (r_{i+1} - r_{i})^2}
\]

To agree with the time to horizon, we multiply by the square root of the number of days to horizon. That is

\[
\sqrt{\text{Days to Horizon}} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} (r_{i+1} - r_{i})^2}
\]

### As long as the rolled-down rate is below the forward, a long-duration trade profits.

Spot 7y = 2.90

Spot 5y = 2.23

2y5y = 3.80

Rolldown: 67bp

Carry: 90bp

Volatility (6m) = 114bp annualized

Carry Quotient = 157 / 228 = 0.69
Relative Value Strategies to Enhance Returns
Risk-Adjusted Carry Still Highest in the 2-5y Sector

- 7-10y Treasuries offer the best rolldown and carry, but are also the point on the curve that will underperform the most in a sell-off.

- On a risk-adjusted basis (see Carry Quotient), the 2-5y sectors offer more attractive returns.

- Also we expect the UST 2s-10s curve to steepen in a sell-off, if data continue to surprise.

Source: Morgan Stanley Research
Identifying Rich / Cheap Sectors

- Spline Model

- Libor-OAS commonly referred to as ‘Coupon-Adjusted Spread’

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector Range (yrs)</th>
<th>Spline Model (average)</th>
<th>LIBOR-OAS (average)</th>
<th>Spline / LIBOR-OAS Signal</th>
<th>Yield: 3M Rolldown + Carry (average)</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>R/C (^1) (bp)</td>
<td>3M Avg</td>
<td>3M Z-Score</td>
<td>Level (bp)</td>
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<td>0.5 - 1.0</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>1.0 - 1.5</td>
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<td>0.1 (0.1)</td>
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<td>41.1</td>
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<td>0.0</td>
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<td>37.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.0 - 2.5</td>
<td>(0.1) (0.1)</td>
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<td>35.5</td>
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<td>2.5 - 3.0</td>
<td>0.2 (0.2)</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>26.9</td>
<td>34.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.0 - 3.5</td>
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<td>0.0</td>
<td>27.1</td>
<td>35.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.5 - 4.0</td>
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<td>0.2</td>
<td>28.3</td>
<td>35.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.0 - 4.5</td>
<td>0.5 (0.2)</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>26.8</td>
<td>34.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.5 - 5.0</td>
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<td>0.5</td>
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<td>32.8</td>
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<td>31.8</td>
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<td>5.5 - 6.0</td>
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<td>0.3</td>
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<td>31.0</td>
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<td>6.0 - 6.5</td>
<td>(0.8) (0.2)</td>
<td>(1.3)</td>
<td>26.7</td>
<td>29.9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Morgan Stanley Research
On-the-Run vs. Off-the-Run Switches

A common decision investors face is whether to roll USTs after the auction into the new OTR. This decision is typically driven by two factors:

1. The general slope of the yield curve
2. The liquidity premium associated with the OTR
Change in the Libor OAS Term Structure

1 Month Comparison

Treasuries on Libor Spread Curve (Current vs 1m Ago in grey)

USTs Rich

Operation Twist has reduced relative value opportunities between rolled down old bonds and new bonds in various sectors.

USTs Cheap

Rolled 30y versus 10y

Front-end Treasuries have cheapened versus swaps as conditions in Europe have improved.

Rolldown and Carry is calculated for 3M as the UST RD&C minus the matched-maturity swap RD&C.

We define the Carry Quot. as (3M Rolldown and Carry) / 3M Realized Vol, for the purpose of determining the significance of the swap spread's rolldown and carry.

Note: 3M Funding = 3M LIBOR - 3M Repo (GC)

Source: Morgan Stanley Research
Short-Dated TIPS Provide Yield Pick-Up

- We opportunistically look to go long TIPS breakevens within the 1- to 4-year sector on a hold-to-maturity basis, as front-end valuations cheapen relative to our economic team’s inflation forecast.

- Protect against a geopolitical risk-event triggering a significant increase in oil prices.

Source: Morgan Stanley Research, Bloomberg
Duration-Adjusted Returns
Sharpe Ratio vs. Duration-Adjusted Returns

Carry Quotient ~ Sharp Ratio

Sharpe Ratio = Average Excess Return / Standard Deviation of Return

Problem:

- Standard deviation of returns is strongly related to duration of the security.
- Securities with higher duration will have higher returns if yields decline and lower returns when yields rise relative to shorter-duration securities.

Sharpe ratio is one good measure of risk versus return but not the only measure.

What are duration-adjusted returns?

- Return of an asset versus equivalent duration of Treasuries
- Typical analysis of callable returns involves looking at callables versus comparable duration agency bullets.
- A proxy for break-even.
Bond Returns Can Be Negative When You Adjust for Duration

## Returns Summary to 2/16/2012

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>5-day</th>
<th>MTD</th>
<th>YTD</th>
<th>52-week</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BIG Index</td>
<td>0.18</td>
<td>1.67</td>
<td>8.45</td>
<td>9.18</td>
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<td>Treasuries</td>
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<td>9.09</td>
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<td>Agencies</td>
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<td>0.61</td>
<td>5.79</td>
<td>6.54</td>
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<tr>
<td>Supranationalss</td>
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<td>1.55</td>
<td>5.51</td>
<td>5.79</td>
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<tr>
<td>Corporates</td>
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<td>4.58</td>
<td>10.79</td>
<td>10.97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mortgages</td>
<td>0.16</td>
<td>1.22</td>
<td>6.93</td>
<td>7.40</td>
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<tr>
<td>ABS</td>
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<td>0.99</td>
<td>7.68</td>
<td>8.32</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sov &amp; Prov.</td>
<td>0.16</td>
<td>2.99</td>
<td>8.67</td>
<td>9.04</td>
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<tr>
<td>TIPS</td>
<td>0.49</td>
<td>1.84</td>
<td>15.85</td>
<td>17.87</td>
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<td>Emerging Markets</td>
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<td>4.30</td>
<td>11.39</td>
<td>12.29</td>
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<tr>
<td>High Yield</td>
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<td>7.98</td>
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<tr>
<td>USD</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>1.23</td>
<td>0.40</td>
<td>1.44</td>
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## Duration Adjusted Returns to 2/16/2012*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>5-day</th>
<th>MTD</th>
<th>YTD</th>
<th>52-week</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>Agencies</td>
<td>-0.04</td>
<td>0.31</td>
<td>-0.90</td>
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<td>Supranationalss</td>
<td>-0.06</td>
<td>1.29</td>
<td>-0.65</td>
<td>-1.37</td>
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<tr>
<td>Corporates</td>
<td>0.17</td>
<td>4.07</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mortgages</td>
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<td>-0.87</td>
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<td>TIPS</td>
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<td>1.18</td>
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<td>2.03</td>
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<td>Emerging Markets</td>
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<td>3.75</td>
<td>-1.16</td>
<td>-2.39</td>
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<td>High Yield</td>
<td>-0.22</td>
<td>6.21</td>
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<td>Equities (S&amp;P 500)</td>
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<tr>
<td>USD</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* (Modified) Duration Adjusted Returns over Treasuries

- TIPS best performing asset class in fixed-income last year.
- Spread products performed well on an outright basis, but had negative returns on a duration-adjusted basis.
- Lower-yielding risk-free products were the best performers.

Source: Yieldbook, Morgan Stanley Research
Callables vs. Comparable Duration Agency Bullets

- With the decline in implied vol, longer lock-outs look more attractive.

- Although Fed on hold makes such trades attractive, it takes less than a 25bp sell-off before 3nc1 callable underperforms a comparable duration bullet.

Source: Yieldbook, Morgan Stanley Research
Return Attribution
Components of Total Return

- Factors that affect returns – prices, curve, spreads, volatility, prepayments

- The main components of Returns:
  - Duration
  - Curve
  - Spread
  - Volatility

- Duration
  - Rolldown
  - Parallel shift
  - Curve reshaping

- Spread
  - Excess return (adjusted for duration)
January Returns for the Citi BIG Index

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Num of Issues</th>
<th>Market Value</th>
<th>Total Return</th>
<th>Matched Treasury Portfolio</th>
<th>Spread Advantage</th>
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<td>Rolling Yield</td>
<td>Parallel</td>
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<td>437.51</td>
<td>1.11</td>
<td>0.102</td>
<td>0.231</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: Yieldbook, Morgan Stanley Research
Duration the Biggest Contributor of Returns

• Duration was the biggest contributor of returns. For 2012:
  – Fed
  – Economy
  – European debt turmoil

• Spread exposure can make or break returns.

• Rolldown and curve trades – small but not negligible.

Source: Yieldbook, Morgan Stanley Research
Main Takeaways

- Low rate environment - diminished returns and little income cushion.

- Getting the duration call right is key to maximizing total returns.
  - Nimble with your duration views

- Range-bound markets lead to complacency.
  - Tend to focus on just rolldown and carry strategies
  - Tend to chase returns:
    - By extending out the curve
    - Overweighting spread products
  - Buy cheap hedges to protect against a move higher in yields
    - Step-up callables
    - Low negative carry curve trades

- Alternative ways to enhance yields.
  - Right kind of spread exposure
  - Buy cheap inflation protection

- Focus on not just beta but also alpha.
  - Relative value strategies
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stock Rating Category</th>
<th>Coverage Universe</th>
<th>Investment Banking Clients (IBC)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Count</td>
<td>% of Total</td>
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<tr>
<td>Overweight/Buy</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total</td>
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